

OPHI

OXFORD POVERTY & HUMAN DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVE

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UNIVERSITY OF
OXFORD

Solving exercise on AF Methodology



Multidimensional Data

Domains

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 3 & 18 & 1 \\ 8 & 4 & 20 & 1 \\ 12 & 6 & 17 & 0 \\ 20 & 8 & 16 & 1 \\ 5 & 3 & 16 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{Persons}$$

$$z = [10 \quad 6 \quad 18.5 \quad 1] \quad \text{Cut-offs}$$

Deprivation Matrix

Replace entries: 1 if deprived, 0 if not deprived

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} \underline{6} & \underline{3} & \underline{18} & \underline{1} \\ \underline{8} & \underline{4} & \underline{20} & \underline{1} \\ 12 & 6 & \underline{17} & \underline{0} \\ 20 & 8 & \underline{16} & \underline{1} \\ \underline{5} & \underline{3} & \underline{16} & \underline{0} \end{bmatrix} \quad g^0 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$z = [10 \quad 6 \quad 18.5 \quad 1]$$

Deprivations Count Vector

Sum individual's deprivations

$$g^0 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$ci = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

Censored Deprivation Matrix

Poor if deprived in two dimensions, $k = 2$

Deprivation matrix

$$g^0 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad ci = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

Censored deprivation matrix

$$g^0(2) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad ci(2) = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$



Censor data of non-poor

Compute H, A and M0

Share deprivations of poor

$$g^0(2) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$ci(2) = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$ci(2)/4 = \begin{bmatrix} 3/4 \\ 2/4 \\ 2/4 \\ 0 \\ 4/4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H = \frac{4}{5} = 0.80$$

$$A = \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{2}{4} + \frac{2}{4} + \frac{4}{4}\right)/4 = 11/16$$

$$M0 = \mu(g^0(2)) = \frac{11}{20} = 0.55$$

Interpretation

$H = 4/5$ - This means 80% of the population is poor (deprived in 2 or more dimensions)

$A = 11/16$ - On average the poor (those deprived in 2 or more dimensions) are deprived in approximately 69% of the indicators.

$M0 = 11/20$ - The poor in this society experience 55% of the total possible deprivations the society could experience.

Censored Headcounts

Censored Deprivation Matrix

$$g^0(2) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

0.6 0.6 0.6 0.4

Censored Headcounts

Censored Headcounts

- 60% of the population is poor and deprived in income, education and BMI
- 40% is poor and deprived in water.
- The raw and censored headcounts differ in the case of the BMI indicator.